

Adjusting the screen resolution

Due to the nature of liquid crystal display (LCD) technology, the picture resolution is always fixed. For the best display performance, please set the display to its maximum resolution with an aspect ratio of 16:9. This is called “Native Resolution” or maximal resolution – that is, the clearest picture. Please refer to the table below for the native resolution of your LCD. Lower resolutions are displayed on a full screen through an interpolation circuit. Image blurring across pixel boundaries can occur with the interpolated resolution depending upon the image type and its initial resolution.

Display size	Native Resolution
24" / 27"	1920 x 1080



- To take full advantage of LCD technology you should select the native resolution setting of your PC screen as described below. Be aware that not all PC video cards provide this resolution value. If yours doesn't, check with the video card manufacturer's website for an updated driver for your particular model PC video card which supports this resolution. Software video drivers are often updated and available for new hardware video resolutions. If necessary, you may need to replace and update the PC video card hardware to be able to support the native resolution of the monitor.
- Depending on the operating system on your PC, different procedures should be followed to adjust the screen resolution. Refer to the help document of your operating system for details.

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1. Open **Display Properties** and select the **Settings** tab.

You can open **Display Properties** by right-clicking on the Windows desktop and selecting **Properties** from the pop-up menu.

2. Use the slider in the **Screen area** section to adjust the screen resolution.

Select the recommended resolution (maximum resolution) then click **Apply**.



If you select some other resolution, be aware that this other resolution is interpolated and may not accurately display the screen image as well as it could do at the native resolution setting.

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3. Click **OK** then **Yes**.
 4. Close the **Display Properties** window.

If your input source does not provide an image with a 16:9 aspect ratio, the displayed image may appear stretched or distorted. To maintain the original aspect ratio, image scaling options can be found in the **Display Mode** adjustment. See the user manual for more information.

Adjusting the screen refresh rate

You don't have to choose the highest possible refresh rate on an LCD display, because it is not technically possible for an LCD display to flicker. The best results are obtained by using the factory modes already set in your computer. Check next chapter to see the factory modes: [Preset display modes on page 3](#).



You can choose 60 Hz for the native resolution of 1920 x 1080. Not applicable in all models. Please refer to the table on [page 1](#).



Depending on the operating system on your PC, different procedures should be followed to adjust the screen resolution. Refer to the help document of your operating system for details.

1. Double click the **Display** icon in **Control Panel**.
2. From the **Display Properties** window, select the **Settings** tab and click the **Advanced** button.
3. Select the **Adapter** tab, and select an appropriate refresh rate to match one of the applicable factory modes as listed in the specification table.
4. Click **Change**, **OK**, then **Yes**.
5. Close the **Display Properties** window.

Preset display modes

Incoming display mode (Input timing)					
Display size	24" / 27"				
Resolution	1920 x 1080				
Input signal	VGA	DVI	DP (for models without G-SYNC module)	DP (for models with G-SYNC module)	HDMI
640x480@60Hz	v	v	v		v
640x480@75Hz	v	v	v		v
640x480@100Hz	v	v	v		v
640x480@120Hz	v	v	v		v
720x400@70Hz	v	v	v		v
800x600@60Hz	v	v	v		v
800x600@75Hz	v	v	v		v
800x600@100Hz	v	v	v		v
800x600@120Hz	v	v	v		v
832x624@75Hz	v	v	v		v
1024x768@60Hz	v	v	v		v
1024x768@75Hz	v	v	v		v
1024x768@100Hz	v	v	v		v
1024x768@120Hz	v	v	v		v
1152x870@75Hz	v	v	v		v
1280x800@60Hz	v	v	v		v
1280x720@60Hz	v	v	v		v
1280x1024@60Hz	v	v	v		v
1280x1024@75Hz	v	v	v		v
1440x900@60Hz	v	v	v		v
1680x1050@60Hz	v	v	v		v
1920x1080@60Hz	v	v	v	v	v
1920x1080@85Hz				v	
1920x1080@100Hz		v	v	v	
1920x1080@120Hz		v	v	v	
1920x1080@144Hz		v(*)	v	v	

• *: Not available for XL2420TX / XL2720T.

• Depending on the available input source, the supported timing and resolution may vary.

Supported resolution for 3D playback (through DVI-DL or DP)

3D content can only be played when the display is set to 1920 x 1080 @ 120Hz.

Supported resolution for 3D playback (through HDMI)

Incoming display mode (Input timing)	
Model	XL2420TX
Format	HDMI
Frame Packing	1920 x 1080 @ 24 Hz
	1280 x 720 @ 60 Hz
	1280 x 720@ 50 Hz
Side-by-Side	1920 x 1080 @60 Hz
	1920 x 1080 @50Hz
Top and Bottom	1280 x 720@50 Hz
	1280 x 720@60Hz
	1920 x 1080@24 Hz



To obtain the best image quality, refer to the above table to set the timing and the resolution of the input source.

Image disruption may occur as a result of signal frequency differences from graphic cards which do not correspond with the usual standard. This is not, however, an error. You may improve this situation by altering an automatic setting or by manually changing the phase setting and the pixel frequency from the **DISPLAY** menu.